

Le: Feb. 7, 2017.

### Housekeeping

- NetWork Weds. 11:59 p.m.
- " Fri. 11:59 p.m.
- Written HW Tuesday

### Last time.

Systematizing Gaussian Elimination

Deal abt. writing a computer program  
still stands! (see canvas for details)

### This time.

Performing the elementary row operations  
using matrices

~~LU-factorization (?)~~

Inverses

What is the effect of multiplying:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 7 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & | & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} * & * & * & | & * \\ *_{21} & *_{22} & *_{23} & | & *_{24} \\ * & * & * & | & * \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{matrix} 3 \times 3 & & 3 \times 4 \\ \underbrace{\hspace{10em}} & & \end{matrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & | & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$*_{21} = (2^{\text{nd}} \text{ row}) (1^{\text{st}} \text{ col.}) = [1 \ 0 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 2 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = 1 \cdot 0 + 2 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$*_{22} = (\text{---}) (2^{\text{nd}} \text{ col.}) = [1 \ 0 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = 1 \cdot 1 + 0 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 0 = 1$$

$$*_{23} = (2^{\text{nd}} \text{ row}) (3^{\text{rd}} \text{ col.}) = [1 \ 0 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = 1 \cdot 1 + 0 \cdot 0 + 0 \cdot 1 = 1$$

$$*_{24} = (\text{---}) (4^{\text{th}} \text{ col.}) = [1 \ 0 \ 0] \begin{bmatrix} 7 \\ 4 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} = 7 \cdot 1 + 4 \cdot 0 + 4 \cdot 0 = 7$$

What about multiplying:

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & | & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

In general, to scale a row of a matrix, multiply on the left by the identity matrix, slightly modified (scale the corresponding row of the identity by the same scalar).

E.G.,

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1/4 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 4 & 1 & 2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & \frac{1}{2} & \frac{1}{2} \\ 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} \end{pmatrix}$$

Or multiplying:

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 4 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & | & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$*_{21} = [0 \ 1 \ -1] \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = 0 \cdot 1 + 1 \cdot 0 - 1 \cdot 0 = 0$$

$$*_{22} = [0 \ 1 \ -1] \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix} = 0 \cdot 0 + 1 \cdot 1 - 1 \cdot 0$$

$$*_{23} = [0 \ 1 \ -1] \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 0 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix} = 0 \cdot 0 + 1 \cdot 1 - 1 \cdot 1$$

$$*_{24} = [0 \ 1 \ -1] \cdot \begin{bmatrix} 2 \\ 7 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix} = 0 \cdot 2 + 1 \cdot 7 + (-1) \cdot 4 = 3$$

What about the entire product?

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 7 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & | & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 4 \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 & | & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & | & 7 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= \begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & | & 2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & | & 3 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & | & 4 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \frac{1}{2} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \left( \begin{array}{ccc|c} 0 & 1 & 1 & 7 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 \end{array} \right) =$$

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$$\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 7 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} 0 & \frac{1}{2} & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 1 & 7 \\ 2 & 0 & 0 & 4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 4 \end{pmatrix} =$$

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